protein. Analysis of in vitro and in vivo P-L polymerase complex formation

? b 155 \$0.30 Estimated cost this search \$0.01 TELNET \$0.29 Estimated cost File1 \$0.30 Estimated total session cost 0.082 DialUnits 11oct02 13:50:59 User208669 Session D2132.1 \$0.29 0.082 DialUnits File1

File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2002/Oct W1

removal, customized scheduling. See HELP ALERT. \*File 155: Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, duplicates

Set Items Description 30671 CHIMER? OR CHIMAER? Items Description 34 SI AND S2 SENDAI

S5 S6 S7 8812819 PY <1996 11 S3 NOT S5 23 S3 AND S4

246947 VARIANT? OR MUTANT? 232 SI AND S7

**S10** 261279 MUTATION? 166 SI AND S11 46 SI AND S9

83591 VARIANT?

52 S7(3N)S1 NOT S10

? t s5/7/1 11

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

uncouple transcription and replication. Mutations in conserved domain I of the Sendai virus L polymerase protein

Chandrika R; Horikami S M; Smallwood S; Moyer S A

Department of Molecular Genetics, University of Florida College of

Medicine, Gainesville 32610-0266, USA.

Virology (UNITED STATES) Nov 10 1995, 213 (2) p352-63, ISSN

0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674

Contract/Grant No.: AI14594; AI; NIAID

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

complex we wanted to characterize the P binding site on the Sendai L To begin to map functional domains of the Sendai P-L RNA polymerase

> with carboxyl-truncations of the L protein showed that the N-terminal half studies have identified a region in conserved domain I critical for overall RNA synthesis, although some leader RNA was synthesized, suggesting aas 362, 363, and 366 in the L protein gave enzymes with severely decreased mutant enzyme to package newly synthesized nascent RNA. Single changes at and a three-amino-acid insertion at aa 348 in the L protein yielded enzymes in viral RNA synthesis. Substitutions at either aas 349-350 or aas 354-355 Changes of aas 370 and 376-377 in the L protein gave only small decreases at aa 379 virtually abolished both complex formation and RNA synthesis. change from serine to arginine at aa 368 and a three-amino-acid insertion most of the mutant L proteins still formed the P-L polymerase complex, a synthesize RNA in vitro and showed a variety of defective phenotypes. While cells were assayed for their ability to form the P-L complex and to mutant L proteins coexpressed with the viral P and NP proteins in mammaliar of the N-terminal domain I from amino acids (aa) 348-379 singly or in pairs of the protein was required. Site-directed mutagenesis of the Sendai virus multiple functions of the Sendai virus L protein. that they cannot transcribe or replicate past the leader gene. These mutants, the defect in replication appears to be in the ability of the leader RNA, but not genome RNA, was still synthesized by this class of replication, thus differentially affecting the two processes. Since DI that catalyzed significant transcription, but were defective in DI RNA from the Sendai to the corresponding measles L sequence or to alanine. The L gene was employed to change amino acids within a highly conserved region

Record Date Created: 19960102

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Localization of P protein binding sites on the Sendai virus nucleocapsid

Ryan K W; Murti K G; Portner A

Hospital, Memphis, Tennessee 38101. Department of Virology and Molecular Biology, St Jude Children's Research

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340 Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Apr 1990, 71 (Pt 4) p997-1000

Document type: Journal Article Contract/Grant No.: AI05343; AI; NIAID; CA21765; CA; NC

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

on the nucleocapsid core. We used immunoelectron microscopy to examine distribution is due to the existence of only a few P protein binding sites whether additional P proteins could bind at locations between the groups of discrete clusters. Our study investigates whether or not this localized with transcriptionally active Sendai virus nucleocapsids are arranged in Previous studies have shown that the molecules of P protein associated

on the nucleocapsid core. protein molecules is not due to a limited number of P protein binding sites acetyltransferase (CAT). Immunogold labelling, using an antibody to the CAT nucleocapsid-binding region of P protein, fused to chloramphenicol synthesis of a chimeric protein containing the carboxyl-terminal endogenous P proteins. To differentiate between endogenous and added of the nucleocapsid. This indicated that the localized distribution of P product bound to nucleocapsids at many sites located over the entire length moiety, revealed at the electron microscope level, that the chimeric proteins, we constructed a recombinant gene which instructs the in vitro

Record Date Created: 19900521

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

activity of the hemagglutinin-neuraminidase glycoprotein of Sendai virus. Gorman W L; Takahashi T; Scroggs R A; Portner A Identification of amino acid positions associated with neuraminidase

Research Hospital, Memphis, Tennessee 38101. Department of Virology and Molecular Biology, St. Jude Children's

Virology (UNITED STATES) Feb 1991, 180 (2) p803-8, ISSN 0042-6822

Journal Code: 0110674

Contract/Grant No.: All 1949; Al; NIAID; CA21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH Main Citation Owner: NLM

was 1.6 to 3.8 times greater than that of SV/std, providing supporting erythrocytes than SV/std. In vitro NA activity of the plaque-size variants to that of SV/std, yet each variant eluted much more rapidly from chicken larger substrate fetuin in an in vitro assay. Virions purified from each of cleave sialic acid from the small trisaccharide neuraminlactose and the measured by the ability of virus to elute from chicken erythrocytes as a the isolated plaques had a HN content and hemagglutinating activity similar result of cleaving sialic acid receptors, and by the ability of virus to potentially differed from the standard SV (SV/std). NA activity was activity, we investigated NA activity of three plaque-size variants which the HN glycoprotein of Sendai virus (SV) that are associated with NA variants, with sequence changes in the HN protein. To identify regions on neuraminidase (NA) activity of natural virus variants, such as plaque-size antibodies are not neutralizing and thus, escape mutants have not been paramyxoviruses has been difficult because neuraminidase-inhibiting activity on the hemagglutinin-neuraminidase (HN) glycoprotein of isolated. Instead, many investigators have correlated an altered Identification of amino acid positions associated with neuraminidase Record type: Completed

> neuraminidase activity of SV. change from glutamic acid to valine at position 165 and from lysine to the amino acid residues at positions 461-468 and 165 are involved in at position 461. A third variant had a nearby change at position 468, from glutamic acid at position 461, while a second variant had only the change size. Sequence analysis showed that one of the variants had an amino acid threonine to lysine. Taken together, these data support the conclusion that

Record Date Created: 19910222

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

host range mutant. Characterization of a pantropic variant of Sendai virus derived from a

R; Seto J T Tashiro M; Pritzer E; Khoshnan M A; Yamakawa M; Kuroda K; Klenk H D; Rott

Institut fur Virologie, Justus-Liebig-Universitat Giessen, Federal

Journal Code: 0110674 Republic of Germany. Virology (UNITED STATES) Aug 1988, 165 (2) p577-83, ISSN 0042-6822

Contract/Grant No.: AI-24096; AI; NIAID; RR 081010-16; RR; NCRR

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

subunit. The findings indicated that these mutations are responsible for that ts-fl and Fl-R differed from the wild-type virus by mutations at the of the virus by ubiquitous proteases. Nucleotide sequence analyses revealed that the pantropic property of F1-R is the result of proteolytic activation wild-type virus was restricted to the lung. These observations indicate generalized infection. This was shown by immunohistology and with wild-type virus. In mice infected intranasally the variant F1-R caused a mutant (ts-f1) of Sendai virus. F1-R was no longer temperature-sensitive are important determinants for the pantropism of F1-R the increased cleavability of the F protein of ts-fl and Fl-R and therefore region of the cleavage site of F and at the glycosylation site of the F2 infectious virus being recovered from several organs whereas infection with fusion (F) glycoprotein of the host range mutants, in cell nonpermissive to absence of trypsin. This was attributed to proteolytic activation of the ts-fl undergo multiple cycles of replication in several cell lines in the but it retained the host range phenotype. Unlike wild-type virus, F1-R and A variant (F1-R) was isolated from a temperature-sensitive host range

Record Date Created: 19880916

evidence for the elution data. Although all plaque-size variants showed

elevated NA activity, there was no correlation of activity with plaque

05396922 87151157 PMID: 2435061 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

involved in fusion and virus neutralization. The fusion glycoprotein of Sendai virus: sequence analysis of an epitope

Portner A; Scroggs R A; Naeve C W

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Apr 1987, 157 (2) p556-9, ISSN 0042-6822

Contract/Grant No.: AI 11949; AI; NIAID; CA 21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH .

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

residue 399, was at a position in the primary sequence far removed from the variants identified a single mutation that was responsible for the loss of binding. Other less likely alternatives are discussed the F1-NH2 terminus, and that fusion is directly inhibited by antibody molecule the amino acid residues around proline 399 are located close to information suggests that in the three-dimensional structure of the F that the site of mutation is also the site of antibody binding. This mutation, bound to the antibody used to select the variants, suggesting synthetic peptide, comprising amino acid sequences in the region of the hydrophobic F1-NH2 terminus thought to be directly involved in fusion. A antibody binding. The mutation, a proline to glutamine substitution at antigenic variants. Sequence analysis of the entire F gene of the three monoclonal antibody which inhibits these functions was used to select three involved in Sendai virus fusion and virus neutralization, an anti-F Record Date Created: 19870422 To localize the amino acid residues on the F glycoprotein that are

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

monoclonal antibodies during persistent infection. Antigenic variation of HVJ (Sendai virus) HN glycoprotein detectable by

Sato H; Ogura H; Tanaka J; Hatano M

Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Jan 1984, 65 (Pt 1) p185-9.

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

stages. Antigenic variants were selected from culture fluids of these HVJ namely GM2-HVI, LLCMK2-HVI, Vero-HVI and GEsl-HVI at various passage populations released from four cell lines persistently infected with HVJ neutralization-resistant antigenic variants were analysed in virus activity. Using these antibodies, the frequencies of occurrence of operationally non-overlapping antigenic determinants and have neutralizing haemagglutinin molecule of HVI, designated A7, B3 and F11, recognize Three newly established monoclonal hybridoma antibodies to the

> monoclonal antibody used for their isolation, but were positive with the haemagglutination inhibition and immunofluorescent staining tests with each viruses isolated as above were negative in neutralization, preparation of wild-type virus with these antibodies. All the variant considerably higher than those of 10(-4.7) to 10(-5.2) detected in a stock monoclonal antibodies A7, B3 and F11, respectively. These values were carrier cells at a total frequency of 10(-3.3), 10(-3.8) and 10(-3.6) by other antibodies.

Record Date Created: 19840301

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Comparison of the protein composition of two plaque variants of Sendai

ISSN 0001-723X Journal Code: 0370401 Acta virologica. English ed (CZECHOSLOVAKIA) Sep 1981, 25 (5) p330-3

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

differed from those of the Fushimi and Z strains. was found with proteins L, HANA, NP, F1 and M. These protein patterns variant migrated faster than that of the RL variant, while no difference displayed clearly different P-protein mobilities; the P protein of the RS by slab polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The RL and RS variants The protein composition of plaque variants of Sendai virus were compared

Record Date Created: 19820120

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Biological properties of plaque-size variants of Sendai virus

Sugita K; Maru M; Sato K

0385-5600 Journal Code: 7703966 Microbiology and immunology (JAPAN) 1981, 25 (4) p353-60, ISSN

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

had an almost equal growth rate in its absence. Restoration of hemolytic in multiple-step growth in the presence of trypsin, but the two variants the RS variant. The RL variant had a higher growth rate than the RS variant properties were determined. The RL variant was more virulent to mice than in culture of LLCMK2 cells in the presence of trypsin and their biological Large (RL)-and small (RS)-plaque variants of Sendai virus were isolated

milder trypsin treatment than was needed for the RS variant. activity in cleavage of the F protein of the RL variant were achieved by Record Date Created: 19810925

10/7/38

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

stomatitis, and influenza A viruses. Similar frequencies of antigenic variants in Sendai, vesicular

Portner A; Webster R G; Bean W J

0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Jul 15 1980, 104 (1) p235-8, ISSN

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Record Date Created: 19800928

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

with Rous sarcoma virus.] of BHK21/WI-2 cells formed in soft agar or in BHK21/WI-2 cells infected [Plaque formation of Sendai virus in a variant isolated from the colony

Sato M; Maeda N; Yoshida H; Shirasuna K; Yanagawa T; Kubo K; Miyazaki T Journal of Osaka University Dental School (JAPAN) Dec 1978, 18 p11-8,

ISSN 0473-4599 Journal Code: 7503132

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Record Date Created: 19800726

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R) 10/7/41

isolated in Hong Kong. Biochemical characterization of H2S-positive Salmonella sendai strains

Chau P Y; Huang C T

0385-5600 Journal Code: 7703966 Microbiology and immunology (JAPAN) 1979, 23 (3) p125-9, ISSN

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article

Record type: Completed Main Citation Owner: NLM

Salmonella sendai isolated from patients and carriers in Hong Kong were The biochemical properties of 8 H2S-positive variant strains of

> capable of utilizing SO4, SO3, S2O3 and cystein to only cystein as the utilize different forms of sulphur sources varied, ranging from being properties of S. sendai and a dependence on tryptophan. Their capacity to sulphur source. studied. Apart from the production of H2S, all these strains showed typical

Record Date Created: 19791128

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

activity from persistently infected cells from mouse brain Recovery of a Sendai virus variant with temperature-sensitive hemolytic

Collins A R; Flanagan T D

Journal Code: 7506870 Archives of virology (AUSTRIA) 1978, 58 (2) p81-93, ISSN 0304-8608

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Record type: Completed Main Citation Owner: NLM

cent demonstrable by both intracellular and membrane immunofluorescence. A viral antigen from a level of 5 per cent antigen positive cells to 100 per plaque reducing doses/ml of serum) was introduced into the culture medium cultivation of mouse brain cells from four-day-old C3H mice infected The addition of antiserum was accompanied by a rise in cell-associated passages, 0.16 per cent of Sendai52 antiserum (containing two 50 per cent intracerebrally at birth with 10(6) PFU of Sendai virus, strain 52. After 5 A persistently infected cell line designated MB/Senas was established by

embryos was thermolabile at 45 degrees C embryos increased to 100 per cent. HE activity and lethality for chick embryos infected at dilutions 10(-1) to 10(-9) yielded detectable virus. apparent which was temperature sensitive. Mortality of infected chick showed no change from weak HA and NA activities but HE activity was now Hemolysis (HE) was absent Propagation of Sendaias virus at 33 degrees C allantoic fluids. Neuraminidase (NA) activity was barely detectable. Hemagglutination (HA) was weak but could be improved by trypsinization of embryos at 37 degrees C was abortive. Fifty per cent or less of chick variant of Sendai52 virus, designated Sendaias, was recovered from MB/Senas by moculation of supernatant medium into chick embryos. Infection of chick

Record Date Created: 19781220

TIMEOUT: Logged Off 10/11/02 14:12:27 by System

Reconnected in file 155 11oct02 14:32:32

Connection closed by remote host

\*File 155: Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, duplicates File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2002/Oct W1

removal, customized scheduling. See HELP ALERT.

Set Items Description

cell-infecting units (CIU) per mouse. On the other hand, with an inoculum and was not lethal to mice even when inoculated at a titre of 8 x 10(5) expression. However, MVC11 could not replicate efficiently in mouse lung **S10** of only 4 x 10(1) CIU per mouse, corresponding to 1 LD50, M1 replicated infectious virus in LLC-MK2 cells was associated with enhanced viral gene 09628920 98062143 PMID: 9400971 SS S7 S7 well in mouse lung and was highly virulent to mice. Nucleotide and deduced higher levels of infectious virus than M1. This increased production of Ohita-MVC11 (MVC11), was then obtained by passaging M1 in rhesus monkey epidemic in an animal laboratory by passaging in mice. A mutant strain, masae@med.kobe-u.ac.jp mutations from a highly virulent field strain through adaptation to LLC-MK2 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R) ?ts13/7/14 14 16-19 21-24 27 37 (LLC-MK2) cells. MVC11 was adapted to LLC-MK2 cells and produced 20 times ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340 Cost is in DialUnits A field strain of Sendai virus (SeV) Ohita-M1 (M1) was isolated from an Record type: Completed Main Citation Owner: NLM Languages: ENGLISH Department of Microbiology, Kobe University School of Medicine, Japan. Itoh M; Isegawa Y; Hotta H; Homma M Isolation of an avirulent mutant of Sendai virus with two amino acid Document type: Journal Article Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Dec 1997, 78 (Pt 12) p3207-15 8812819 PY <1996 261279 MUTATION? 246947 VARIANT? OR MUTANT? 83591 VARIANT? 30671 CHIMER? OR CHIMAER? Items Description 2776 SENDAI 232 SI AND S7 23 S3 AND S4 34 SI AND S2 11 S3 NOT S5 166 SI AND S11 52 S7(3N)S1 NOT S10 46 SI AND S9

amino acid sequence analyses of the entire genomes of M1 and MVC11 revealed that adaptation to LLC-MK2 cells and the attenuation of mouse pathogenicity of MVC11 were associated with only two amino acid substitutions; one on the C protein (Phe substituted by Ser at position 170) and the other on the RNA polymerase, the L protein (Glu substituted by Ala at position 2050). Record Date Created: 19980105

13///14

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Isolation of an avirulent mutant of Sendai virus with two amino acid mutations from a highly virulent field strain through adaptation to LLC-MK2 cells.

Itoh M; Isegawa Y; Hotta H; Homma M

Department of Microbiology, Kobe University School of Medicine, Japan masae@med.kobe-u.ac.jp

Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Dec 1997, 78 (Pt 12) p3207-15, ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

of MVC11 were associated with only two amino acid substitutions; one on the and was not lethal to mice even when inoculated at a titre of 8 x 10(5) expression. However, MVC11 could not replicate efficiently in mouse lung polymerase, the L protein (Glu substituted by Ala at position 2050) C protein (Phe substituted by Ser at position 170) and the other on the RNA amino acid sequence analyses of the entire genomes of M1 and MVC11 revealed well in mouse lung and was highly virulent to mice. Nucleotide and deduced of only 4 x 10(1) CIU per mouse, corresponding to 1 LD50, M1 replicated cell-infecting units (CIU) per mouse. On the other hand, with an inoculum infectious virus in LLC-MK2 cells was associated with enhanced viral gene Ohita-MVC11 (MVC11), was then obtained by passaging M1 in rhesus monkey epidemic in an animal laboratory by passaging in mice. A mutant strain, that adaptation to LLC-MK2 cells and the attenuation of mouse pathogenicity higher levels of infectious virus than M1. This increased production of (LLC-MK2) cells. MVC11 was adapted to LLC-MK2 cells and produced 20 times Record Date Created: 19980105 A field strain of Sendai virus (SeV) Ohita-M1 (M1) was isolated from an

13/7/16

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R) 08961706 96323115 PMID: 8709221

Involvement of the mutated M protein in altered budding polarity of a pantropic mutant, F1-R, of Sendai virus.

Tashiro M; McQueen N L; Seto J T; Klenk H D; Rott R
Department of Virology 1, National Institute of Health, Tokyo, Japan

mtashiro@nih.go.jp

0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724 Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Sep 1996, 70 (9) p5990-7, ISSN

SO6 GM08 101-22; GM; NIGMS Contract/Grant No.: AI 132677-01A1; AI; NIAID; AI 31191-01; AI, NIAID;

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

polarity, bipolar transport of the F glycoprotein, and bipolar budding of disruption of the microtubular network, leading to impairment of cellular These findings indicate that the M protein of F1-R is involved in the when expressed alone or in cells coexpressing the wild-type M protein. M protein, whereas it was transported predominantly to the apical domain bipolar budding of wild-type and F1-R Sendai viruses. The mutated F a host cell glycoprotein normally secreted from the apical domain, and transport was impaired as indicated by the nonpolarized secretion of gp80, were enhanced. The microtubules were disrupted and polarized protein MDCK cells. Under these conditions, the effects on the microtubule network resulted in the formation of giant cells about 40 times larger than normal extent. On the other hand, expression of the mutated F1-R M protein polarity and the integrity of the microtubules were affected to some corresponding to that synthesized in virus-infected cells, cellular established. When wild-type M protein was expressed at a level cell lines containing the M gene of either the wild type or F1-R were 67:5902-5910, 1993). To clarify which gene or mutation(s) was responsible these changes (M. Tashiro, J. T. Seto, H.-D. Klenk, and R. Rott, J. Virol. suggested that the mutated F and/or M proteins in F1-R are responsible for protein transport and the microtubule network are impaired. It has been both the apical and basolateral domains. In F1-R-infected cells, polarized glycoprotein of F1-R was transported bipolarly in cells expressing the F1-R for the microtubule disruption which leads to altered budding of F1-R, MDCK polarized epithelial MDCK cells, whereas a pantropic mutant, F1-R, buds at Wild-type Sendai virus buds at the apical plasma membrane domain of

Record Date Created: 19960910

13/7/17

07875094 94012782 PMID: 8408048 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

by its insufficient accumulation of the M protein. Temperature-sensitive phenotype of a mutant Sendai virus strain is caused

Kondo T; Yoshida T; Miura N; Nakanishi M

p21924-30, ISSN 0021-9258 Journal Code: 2985121R Journal of biological chemistry (UNITED STATES) Oct 15 1993, 268 (29) Institute for Molecular and Cellular Biology, Osaka University, Japan

Document type: Journal Article

Main Citation Owner: NLM Languages: ENGLISH

Record type: Completed

virus particles without affecting virus gene expression. show that Sendai virus M protein has a critical role in the production of expressed under the control of an actin promoter. These results clearly alterations from the wild type, was highly unstable at 38 degrees C when was altered by temperature in cells infected with the Cl.151 strain. strain. Neither the amount of M mRNA nor the rate of synthesis of M protein wild type (Z) strain but also by the supplementation of M protein of Cl.151 production at 38 degrees C not only by the supplementation of M protein of nucleocapsid proteins did not alter. Cl.151 strain could restore virus strain at 38 degrees C are transferred to 32 degrees C, while the amount of nonpermissive temperature (38 degrees C). The amount of virus M protein However, we found that M protein of Cl. 151 virus, which has 3-amino acid increased up to 6-fold when the cells persistently infected with Cl.151 temperature-sensitive mutant strain of Sendai virus, Cl.151, at the We investigated the process interrupting the production of a

Record Date Created: 19931118

07850180 93381791 PMID: 8396659 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Sendai virus mutant, F1-R, in epithelial MDCK cells Possible involvement of microtubule disruption in bipolar budding of a

Tashiro M; Seto J T; Klenk H D; Rott R

ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724 Department of Virology, Jichi Medical School, Tochigi-ken, Japan. Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Oct 1993, 67 (10) p5902-10,

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

disrupt microtubule structure, indicating that cellular polarity of MDCK glycoprotein, gp80, and basolateral uptake of [35S]methionine as well as to shown to interfere with apical transport of a secretory cellular colchicine and nocodazole. Budding of the virus and surface expression of wild-type virus and treated with the microtubule-depolymerizing drugs and J.T. Seto, J. Virol. 64:4672-4677, 1990). MDCK cells were infected with of these domains (M. Tashiro, M. Yamakawa, K. Tobita, H.-D. Klenk, R. Rott and the viral glycoproteins have also been shown to be transported to both that found in cells infected with F1-R. In uninfected cells, the drugs were mutant, F1-R, buds bipolarly at both the apical and basolateral domains, where budding of progeny virus occurs. On the other hand, a pantropic to the apical plasma membrane domain of polarized epithelial MDCK cells, the glycoproteins were found to occur in a nonpolarized fashion similar to Envelope glycoproteins F and HN of wild-type Sendai virus are transported

alteration of microtubules. suggest that the mutated M protein of F1-R might be involved in the disruption of microtubules. Nucleotide sequence analyses of the viral genes that bipolar budding by F1-R is possibly due, at least in part, to the wild-type Sendai virus in MDCK cells depends on intact microtubules and and the microtubule network, whereas wild-type virus had a marginal effect mutant partially affected the transport of gp80, uptake of [35S]methionine, cells depends on the presence of intact microtubules. Infection by the F1-R These results suggest that apical transport of the glycoproteins of

Record Date Created: 19931012

07367483 92300359 PMID: 1339465 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

implications for pathogenicity in mice. Changes in specific cleavability of the Sendai virus fusion protein:

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340 Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Jun 1992, 73 (Pt 6) p1575-9 Department of Virology, Jichi Medical School, Tochigi, Japan. Tashiro M; Seto J T; Choosakul S; Hegemann H; Klenk H D; Rott R

Contract/Grant No.: RR 08101-18; RR; NCRR

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

resistance and enhanced cleavability at Ile(116) by elastase and host substitution at the cleavage site, Arg(116) to Ile, which conferred trypsin non-pathogenic; cleavage activation of the F protein did not occur in the pneumopathogenicity in mice of wt Sendai virus, the KDe mutants were proteases present in MDCK cells and in chicken embryos. In contrast to the Sequence analyses of the F gene and the F protein revealed an amino acid was sensitive to elastase and, to a lesser extent, to chymotrypsin. protein of wild-type (wt) virus, the mutant F was resistant to trypsin but mutants regained proteolytic cleavability in MDCK cells and chick embryos absence of exogenous proteases were isolated. The fusion (F) protein of the cycles of replication in Madin Darby canine kidney (MDCK) cells in the lungs and thereby infection was terminated after an initial cycle of but the F protein remained non-cleavable in other cell lines. Unlike the F Sendai virus mutants, KDe-21 and KDe-62, which had undergone multiple

Record Date Created: 19920723

07026701 91335752 PMID: 1651590 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Pneumotropic revertants derived from a pantropic mutant, F1-R, of Sendai

Tashiro M; James I; Karri S; Wahn K; Tobita K; Klenk H D; Rott R; Seto J

Journal Code: 0110674 Department of Virology, Jichi Medical School, Tochigi, Japan Virology (UNITED STATES) Sep 1991, 184 (1) p227-34, ISSN 0042-6822

Contract/Grant No.: RR 08101-18; RR; NCRR

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

identical to that found in ts-fl, the ts host range mutant from which F1-R protein by host proteases is the primary determinant for organ tropism and results provide further evidence that proteolytic activation of the F with multiple basic residues within the cleavage site of paramyxovirus F with Pro-Lys for F1-R and Ser-Arg for wild-type virus. The results indicate of the revertants was the result of the predicted single amino acid of the revertants revealed that the reduced cleavability of the F protein subunit of the F protein. Comparative RNA sequence analysis of the F gene of the matrix protein, and the lack of a glycosylation site in the F2 temperature sensitive (ts); the ts lesion in the nucleoprotein gene was lungs and less pathogenic for this organ than wild-type virus. These were less susceptible to the activator for wild-type virus present in mouse single basic amino acid following proline. Additionally, the revertants proteins and influenza virus hemagglutinins, can also be determined by a that enhanced cleavability of the glycoprotein, a feature often associated the sequence at the cleavage site of the revertants was Ser-Lys compared reversion (Pro to Ser) at residue 115 adjacent to the cleavage site. Thus budding in polarized epithelial cells, enhanced electrophoretic migration phenotypes of F1-R that remained unchanged by the revertants were bipolar activation of the F protein in cell cultures and in nonpulmonary mouse phenotypes of wild-type virus; they required exogenous trypsin for et al., 1988. Virology 165, 577-583). The revertants regained several cellular proteases and is thus responsible for pantropism in mice (Tashiro glycoprotein of F1-R is susceptible to activation cleavage by ubiquitous virus, F1-R, which causes a systemic infection in mice. The fusion (F) pathogenicity of Sendai virus in mice. One of the revertants was also tissues and they were exclusively pneumotropic in mice. On the other hand, Revertants were isolated from the protease activation mutant of Sendai

Record Date Created: 19910918

07001282 91311425 PMID: 1649904 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

particle budding. The major glycoprotein of Sendai virus is dispensable for efficient virus

Stricker R; Roux L

Department of Microbiology, University of Geneva, Medical School, Switzerland.

Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Jul 1991, 72 (Pt 7) p1703-7, ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

A temperature-sensitive mutant of Sendai virus, ts271, when grown at restrictive temperature is known to produce virions lacking integral haemagglutinin-neuraminidase (HN). In this study, it is shown that the transmembrane-cytoplasmic tail of HN is not detected either. This apparent complete lack of HN does not affect budding efficiency.

Record Date Created: 19910827

12/17/

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Pneumopathogenicity of a Sendai virus protease-activation mutant, TCs, which is sensitive to trypsin and chymotrypsin.

Itoh M; Ming T D; Hayashi T; Mochizuki Y; Homma M

Department of Microbiology, Kobe University School of Medicine, Japan. Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Nov 1990, 64 (11) p5660-4,

ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

A protease-activation mutant of Sendai virus, TCs, was isolated from a trypsin-resistant mutant, TR-5. TCs was activated in vitro by both trypsin and chymotrypsin. TCs was, however, less sensitive to trypsin and chymotrypsin than were the wild-type virus and TR-5, respectively. F protein of TCs had a single amino acid substitution at residue 114 from glutamine to arginine, resulting in the appearance of the new cleavage site for trypsin and the shift of the cleavage site for chymotrypsin. Activation of TCs in the lungs of mice occurred less efficiently than that of the wild type, and TCs caused a less severe pneumopathogenicity than did the wild-type virus, which supports our previous view that the in vitro trypsin sensitivity of Sendai virus can be a good indication of pneumopathogenicity in mice.

Record Date Created: 19901115

13/7/24

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Altered budding site of a pantropic mutant of Sendai virus, F1-R, in polarized epithelial cells.

Tashiro M; Yamakawa M; Tobita K; Seto J T; Klenk H D; Rott R Department of Virology, Jichi Medical School, Tochigi, Japan. Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Oct 1990, 64 (10) p4672-7, ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724

Contract/Grant No.: RR 08101-18; RR; NCRR

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

proteins. These findings suggest that in addition to proteolytic activation proteins but none in HN, the altered budding of the virus and transport of regions of the cells. Since F1-R has amino acid substitutions in F and M HN and F were expressed predominantly at the apical domain of the plasma and immunoprecipitation analyses revealed that transmembrane glycoproteins MDCK cells grown on permeable membrane filters. Surface immunofluorescence virus was shown to be produced primarily from the apical site of polarized and J. T. Seto, J. Virol. 64:3627-3634, 1990). In this study, wild-type buds apically (M. Tashiro, M. Yamakawa, K. Tobita, H.-D. Klenk, R. Rott, target of infection, is a determinant for organ tropism of Sendai virus in of the F glycoprotein, the differential site of budding, at the primary the envelope glycoproteins might be attributed to interactions by F and M the apical and basolateral surfaces, and HN and F were expressed at both membrane. On the other hand, infectious progeny of F1-R was released from bronchial epithelium of mice and of MDCK cells, whereas wild-type virus been observed bidirectionally at the apical and basolateral surfaces of the R. Rott, and J. T. Seto, Virology 165:577-583, 1988). Budding of F1-R has infection in mice, whereas wild-type virus is exclusively pneumotropic (M Tashiro, E. Pritzer, M. A. Khoshnan, M. Yamakawa, K. Kuroda, H.-D. Klenk, A protease activation mutant of Sendai virus, F1-R, causes a systemic

Record Date Created: 19901017

13/7/27

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Nucleotide sequence analyses of the genes encoding the HN, M, NP, P, and L proteins of two host range mutants of Sendai virus.

Middleton Y; Tashiro M; Thai T; Oh J; Seymour J; Pritzer E; Klenk H D; Rott R; Seto J T

Department of Microbiology, California State University, Los Angeles 90032.

Virology (UNITED STATES) Jun 1990, 176 (2) p656-7, ISSN 0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674

Contract/Grant No.: AI-24096; AI; NIAID; RR08101-18; RR; NCRR

Document type: Journal Article Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

concerning their significance in the pantropic properties of the host range exchanges in the M gene. These additional mutations are discussed of F1-R, but not of ts-f1. Both host range mutants have the two same exchanges in the NP gene. These exchanges lead to a single amino acid substitution. A single base pair change was found in both the P and L genes revealed that the ts defect of ts-fl can be attributed to two nucleotide (strain Z) and two host range mutants, ts-f1 and F1-R, previously described Comparative nucleotide sequence analyses of the genome of Sendai virus

Record Date Created: 19900705

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

efficiencies of Sendai virus deletion mutants. Nucleotide sequences that affect replicative and transcriptional

Re G G; Kingsbury D W

0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724 Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) May 1986, 58 (2) p578-82, ISSN

Contract/Grant No.: AI 05343; AI; NIAID; CA 21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

copy-back DI RNA, indicating that the 3' genomic end of Ra is a less efficient site for replication initiation than the copy-back sequence positive-strand leader RNA template. Nevertheless, Ra was outgrown by a of an internally deleted DI genome (RNA Ra) rendered transcriptionally inert by point mutations of bases 47 and 51 at the 5' end of the untranscribed RNA was identical to the genomic 3' terminus, as in the case transcribed. This was true even when the 3'-terminal sequence of the incapable of transcription always outgrew RNA species that were mechanisms operate in mixed infections with Sendai virus DI RNAs. RNAs acting as templates for transcription. Here we provide evidence that both replication or because DI RNAs that possess this sequence are incapable of replication either because the new 3' end is a better promoter of RNA copy of the 5' terminus (so-called "copy-back" sequence) could enhance RNA viruses, substitution of the genomic 3' terminus by a complementary influence their replication efficiency. Among nonsegmented negative-strand Record Date Created: 19860527 Structural features of the genomes of virus deletion mutants (DI virions) Record type: Completed

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\$0.43 TELNET

\$3.83 Estimated cost this search

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inserted genes and viral replication.
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Sakai Y; Kiyotani K; Fukumura M; Asakawa M; Kato A; Shioda T; Yoshida T;
                                                                         Accommodation of foreign genes into the Sendai virus genome: sizes of
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Record type: Completed
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Gene delivery systems using the Sendai virus.

Hayakawa T Nakanishi T; Kondo M; Nakagawa T; Masago A; Okabe J; Ueda S; Mayumi T; Nakanishi M; Mizuguchi H; Ashihara K; Senda T; Eguchi A; Watabe A;

mahito@biken.osaka-u.ac.jp Department of Neurovirology, Osaka University, Japan.

ISSN 0968-7688 Journal Code: 9430797 Molecular membrane biology (ENGLAND) Jan-Mar 1999, 16 (1) p123-7.

Document type: Journal Article; Review; Review, Tutoria

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

without damaging the cell. FL-mediated gene transfer consists of two encapsulated materials into living cells directly through membrane fusion. genetic materials much more efficiently than other non-viral vectors FL is a promising approach for gene therapy because it can deliver various Fusogenic liposome (FL) is a delivery system that can transfer Record type: Completed

possible applications of FL-mediated gene delivery to human gene therapy. described a detailed analysis of these fusion phenomena and discussed govern the cell specificity of FL-mediated delivery. This review has assistant molecule(s) on the cell membrane. Further analysis suggests that the latter may require the receptor (sialic acid) and unidentified protein but no other special molecule on the liposomal membrane, whereas successive fusion of the FL with cell membrane. The former requires viral F Sendai virus (SV) particle with a simple liposome encapsulating DNA, and these assistant molecule(s), not the receptor, may control the fusion and independent membrane fusion phenomena; generation of a FL by fusing a

Record Date Created: 19990805

09999769 98412935 PMID: 9741904 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Gene transfer vectors based on Sendai virus.

Mayumi T E; Masago A; Eguchi A; Suzuki Y; Inokuchi H; Watabe A; Ueda S; Hayakawa T; Nakanishi M; Mizuguchia H; Ashihara K; Senda T; Akuta T; Okabe J; Nagoshi

Release Society (NETHERLANDS) Jun 1998, 54 (1) p61-8, ISSN 0168-3659 Osaka University, Suita, Japan. mahito@biken.osaka-u.ac.jp Journal Code: 8607908 Journal of controlled release: official journal of the Controlled Department of Neurovirology, Research Institute for Microbial Diseases

Main Citation Owner: NLM Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article

Record type: Completed

combining these components is discussed. localization signal, and (3) the stabilization of DNA in the nucleus as an expression: (1) the direct delivery of DNA into cytoplasm using fusogenic recent results shed light on three major aspects of gene transfer and artificial components that mimic the functioning of these systems. Our biological phenomena that involve gene transfer and expression, and made current gene transfer systems (both viral and non-viral) satisfies this stable gene expression in non-dividing tissue cells. However, none of the therapy. In order to treat patients suffering from incurable metabolic independent replicon. The possible development of a hybrid vector by liposomes, (2) the transfer of DNA from cytoplasm to nucleus with a nuclear the defects of existing gene transfer vectors, we analyzed natural goal. In order to develop a novel gene delivery system that is free from diseases, we must be able to deliver genes efficiently in situ and induce A gene delivery system is a fundamental technology used in human gene

Record Date Created: 19981118

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Site-specific gene delivery in vivo through engineered Sendai viral

Ramani K; Hassan Q; Venkaiah B; Hasnain S E; Sarkar D F

Juarez Road, New Delhi-110021, India. Department of Biochemistry, University of Delhi South Campus, Benito

0027-8424 Journal Code: 7505876 America (UNITED STATES) Sep Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of 29 1998, 95 (20) p11886-90, ISSN

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

elicit significant humoral immune response against the fusion protein in expression up to 4 mo after single i.v. administration of this gene carrier and relevant proteins. Furthermore, the involvement of viral glycoprotein ascertained following a critical evaluation of the level of the DNA, mRNA of reporter genes to liver cells of BALB/c mouse in vivo. The membrane the injected animal. The findings reported here open up the possibility for has bolstered its efficiency and novelty. Moreover, the F-virosomes did no integration of transgenes in the mouse chromosomal DNA and its stable preferential transfection of parenchymal cell types of liver. The both as a unique natural ligand and as a membrane fusogen could lead to fusion-mediated high efficiency of gene transfer to liver cells was containing only the fusion glycoprotein (F-virosomes) in targeted delivery We have demonstrated the potential of reconstituted Sendai viral envelopes formulation of a targeted gene delivery "vector" is still far from ideal. Inspite of several stimulating developments in gene therapy, the

delivery in gene therapy considering "F-virosomes" as a promising "vehicle" for site-specific DNA

Record Date Created: 19981022

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Kato A [Establishment of Sendai virus gene manipulation and its applications]

Department of Viral Infection, University of Tokyo

Uirusu. Journal of virology (JAPAN) Dec 1997, 47 (2) p133-44, ISSN

0042-6857 Journal Code: 0417475

Document type: Journal Article; Review; Review, Tutorial

Languages: JAPANESE

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Record Date Created: 19980617

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

and SDF-1 beta by a Sendai virus vector. Large quantity production with extreme convenience of human SDF-1alpha

Hu H; Xin X; Hasan M K; Maekawa M; Takebe Y; Sakai Y; Honjo T; Nagai Y Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University Moriya C; Shioda T; Tashiro K; Nagasawa T; Ikegawa M; Ohnishi Y; Kato A;

0014-5793 Journal Code: 0155157 FEBS letters (NETHERLANDS) Mar 20 1998, 425 (1) p105-11, ISSN

of Tokyo, Japan.

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

antiviral assays without further concentration nor purification and will us to use even the crude supernatants as the source for biological and detected as a major protein species in culture supernatants, reached as negative strand RNA virus. Recombinant SDF-1alpha and SDF-1beta were factor-lalpha (SDF-lalpha) and SDF-lbeta, the members of CXC-chemokine thus greatly facilitate to screen their genetically engineered derivatives high as 10 microg/ml. This remarkable enrichment of the products allowed family, with a novel vector system based upon Sendai virus, a non-segmented We describe a robust expression of human stromal cell-derived Record type: Completed

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Record Date Created: 19980423

Sendai virus-based expression of HIV-1 gp120: reinforcement by the V(-)

Yu D; Shioda T; Kato A; Hasan M K; Sakai Y; Nagai Y

of Tokyo, Japan. Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University

Jul 1997, 2 (7) p457-66, ISSN 1356-9597 Journal Code: 9607379 Genes to cells: devoted to molecular & cellular mechanisms (ENGLAND)

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

of this important glycoprotein. will greatly facilitate biochemical, biological and immunological studies a broad host range of SeV allowed gp120 production in all the three natural currently attainable for gp120 production in mammalian cells. Furthermore over 6.0 microg per 10(6) cells, a level that is one of the highest stably maintained during numerous passages of the recombinant virus. The serves as a novel choice for producing large quantities of HIV-1 gp120 and V(-) version-based expression was even more robust, consistently reaching functionally and serologically authentic. The inserted gp120 gene was with a recovery rate of about 60%, and has so far appeared to be 10(6) infected cells, which was readily purified from the culture fluid level from the standard V(+) version has already reached 2.2/microg per expressing the gp120 in CV1 cells, a monkey kidney line. The expression RESULTS: Using the above system, we created recombinant Sendai viruses primary blood mononuclear cells, macrophages or established T cell lines. produce gp120 in in vitro natural host cells for HIV-1 such as human sufficient quantity and purity. It also remains to be established to glycoprotein of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) in Because of its extreme medical importance, there has been a strong need for expression was greatly enhanced by the deletion of the nonessential V gene. extremely high rate, and have succeeded in creating a V(-) SeV whose gene host cells for HIV-1 described above. CONCLUSIONS: SeV-based expression the establishment of a better system to express the gp120 envelope (SeV), a nonsegmented negative strand RNA virus, entirely from cDNA at an BACKGROUND: We have established a system for recovering Sendai virus

Record Date Created: 19971230

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

09599670 98033190 PMID: 9367367 Creation of an infectious recombinant Sendai virus expressing the firefly

luciferase gene from the 3' proximal first locus. Hasan M K; Kato A; Shioda T; Sakai Y; Yu D; Nagai Y

Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340 Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Nov 1997, 78 (Pt 11) p2813-20,

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

expression vector. embryos. These results indicate the potential utility of SeV as a novel maintained after numerous rounds of replication by serial passages in chick decrease in yield of the virus. The inserted luciferase gene was stably reduced plaque size, slightly slower replication kinetics and a severalfold nucleotides into the 15,384 nucleotide parental SeV was associated with expression. The increase in genome length brought about by inserting 1728 to aggregate in cells made it difficult to estimate the maximum level of recovered, although the tendency of this particular reporter gene product recombinant SeV expressing luciferase activity at a high level was ucleocapsid protein and RNA polymerase from the respective plasmids, a antigenomic transcripts from the engineered cDNA and of the viral n the ORF of the viral 3'-proximal nucleocapsid (N) protein gene in a the conserved intergenic three nucleotides was inserted immediately before containing the entire open reading frame (ORF) of the luciferase gene Paramyxoviridae, that expresses firefly luciferase. The DNA construct non-segmented negative-strand RNA virus, Sendai virus (SeV) of the family followed by the SeV transcription stop and restart signals connected with full-length SeV cDNA copy. After intracellular expression of full-length A genetic engineering approach was made to generate a recombinant

Record Date Created: 19971208

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\$4.41 Estimated cost File155

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\$5.71 Estimated total session cost 0.920 DialUnits

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\$0.35 Estimated cost File1

\$0.35 Estimated cost this search

\$0.35 Estimated total session cost 0.101 DialUnits

File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2002/Oct W1

\*File 155: Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, duplicates removal, customized scheduling. See HELP ALERT.

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SI 2776 SENDAI

S2 1152747 DI OR DEFECTIVE(W)INTERFER?

S3 90 S1 AND S2

S4 99 DEFECTIVE AND S1

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4/7/30

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Measles virus nucleocapsid protein can function in Sendai virus defective interfering particle genome synthesis in vitro.

Chandrika R; Myers T; Moyer S A

Department of Molecular Genetics and Microbiology, University of Florida College of Medicine, Gainesville 32610.

Virology (UNITED STATES) Jan 10 1995, 206 (1) p777-82, ISSN 0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674

Contract/Grant No.: AI 14594; AI; NIAID

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

The Sendai virus P and L proteins, the viral RNA polymerase, and the nucleocapsid protein, NP, synthesized in a transient mammalian expression system support the replication of Sendai virus defective interfering particle (DI) genome RNA in vitro. We have shown that the measles virus nucleocapsid protein, N, can substitute for the Sendai NP protein in genome synthesis. The chimeric product nucleocapsids, which contained Sendai RNA encapsidated with measles N protein, were atypical since they were sensitive to micrococcal nuclease digestion, unlike wild-type Sendai or measles nucleocapsids. The utilization of measles N protein required the endogenous Sendai virus RNA polymerase, since DI nucleocapsids free of polymerase were not replicated. Although both Sendai virus NP and P

proteins and measles N and P proteins formed complexes when they were

coexpressed, sedimentation analysis showed that measles N protein self-assembled and did not form a complex when expressed with the Sendai P protein. Furthermore, when the Sendai P-L polymerase complex was provided separately, measles N protein alone synthesized DI genome RNA in the absence of Sendai P protein. These data suggest that the self-assembled form of measles N protein functions in Sendai DI genome synthesis. Record Date Created: 19950217

1///00

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

The rule of six, a basic feature for efficient replication of Sendai virus defective interfering RNA.

Calain P; Roux L

Department of Genetics and Microbiology, University of Geneva Medical School, Switzerland.

Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Aug 1993, 67 (8) p4822-30, ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

The addition of the hepatitis delta virus genomic ribozyme to the 3' end sequence of a Sendai virus defective interfering RNA (DI-H4) allowed the reproducible and efficient replication of this RNA by the viral functions expressed from cloned genes when the DI RNA was synthesized from plasmid. Limited nucleotide additions or deletions (+7 to -7 nucleotides) in the DI RNA sequence were then made at five different sites, and the different RNA derivatives were tested for their abilities to replicate. Efficient replication was observed only when the total nucleotide number was conserved, regardless of the modifications, or when the addition of a total of 6 nucleotides was made. The replicated RNAs were shown to be properly enveloped into virus particles. It is concluded that, to form a proper template for efficient replication, the Sendai virus RNA must contain a total number of nucleotides which is a multiple of 6. This was interpreted as the need for the nucleocapsid protein to contact exactly 6 nucleotides. Record Date Created: 19930816

4/7/39

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Molecular cloning and characterization of a Sendai virus internal deletion defective RNA.

Engelhorn M; Stricker R; Roux L

Department of Genetics and Microbiology, University of Geneva Medical School, C.M.U., Switzerland.

Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) Jan 1993, 74 (Pt 1) p137-41,

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

vitro from the T7 polymerase transcript of the cloned defective genome. protein produced was shown to correspond to the protein synthesized in cells naturally infected with the defective virus preparation. Moreover the the plasmid allowed further characterization of the defective RNA. It was transcription of the plasmid with T7 RNA polymerase. Sequence analysis of such a way that an exact copy of the defective RNA could be obtained by protein of 162 amino acids. This truncated NP protein was identified in shown potentially to encode a C-terminally truncated nucleocapsid (NP) transcription and polymerase chain reaction amplification was performed in non-defective viral genomic RNA. Cloning of this RNA after reverse internal deletion defective RNA, containing the 5' and 3' ends of the Preliminary characterization showed that this defective RNA was a true preparation obtained after serial undiluted passages in embryonated eggs. Record Date Created: 19930222 A small defective Sendai virus RNA was selectively amplified from a virus

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

interfering RNAs and their expression from DNA. Molecular cloning of natural paramyxovirus copy-back defective

Calain P; Curran J; Kolakofsky D; Roux L

School, Switzerland. Department of Genetics and Microbiology, University of Geneva Medical

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Nov 1992, 191 (1) p62-71, ISSN 0042-6822

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

directly, without using indirect markers such as CAT activity of examining the cis-acting sequences involved in viral multiplication proteins expressed from cloned genes. Such experiments open the possibility recombinant, was encapsidated and replicated by the SV-L, P/C, and NP plasmid in BHK cells using T7 polymerase produced by a vaccinia virus with the exact 5' and 3' ends. The SV DI clone, transcribed from the that T7 polymerase transcription of the plasmids would generate DI RNAs them from their helper nondefective genomes. The cloning was designed so copy-back DI RNAs were PCR amplified and cloned, without having to separate (DI) RNAs of paramyxoviruses, Sendai virus (SV), and measles virus Using the unique sequence organization of copy-back defective interfering Record type: Completed

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

defective interfering particle genome replication in vitro. Complexes of Sendai virus NP-P and P-L proteins are required for

Horikami S M; Curran J; Kolakofsky D; Moyer S A

Gainesville 32610-0266. Department of Immunology and Medical Microbiology, University of Florida,

0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724 Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Aug 1992, 66 (8) p4901-8, ISSN

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

each complex. We propose that the P-L complex serves as the RNA polymerase antibody specific for one component and cosedimentation of the subunits of which NP and P proteins were coexpressed supported replication of the with a control extract prepared from a natural virus infection. Extracts in each of the plasmids and was three- to fivefold better than replication and NP-P is required for encapsidation of newly synthesized RNA. includes communoprecipitation of both proteins of each complex with an proteins. Biochemical evidence in support of the formation of each complex that these complexes must form during or soon after synthesis of the complexes, NP-P and P-L, are required for nucleocapsid RNA replication and for biological activity. The replication data thus suggest that two protein mixed were inactive. Similarly, the P and L proteins must be coexpressed proteins, but extracts in which NP and P were expressed separately and then genome of purified DI-H virus which contained endogenous polymerase required extracts of cells transfected with critical amounts and ratios of proteins from plasmids. Optimal replication of DI-H nucleocapsid RNA is essential for replication of the genome of Sendai defective interfering (DI-H) virus in vitro, using extracts of cells expressing these viral We present evidence that the formation of NP-P and P-L protein complexes

Record Date Created: 19920814

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

implications for genome replication. Rescue of a Sendai virus DI genome by other parainfluenza viruses:

Curran J A; Kolakofsky D

Switzerland. Department of Microbiology, University of Geneva School of Medicine

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) May 1991, 182 (1) p168-76, ISSN 0042-6822

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article

Record Date Created: 19921116

Record type: Completed

viruses, but that the interactions between the polymerase and the template that the cis-acting RNA sequences important for genome replication, e.g., PIV3 polymerase apparently can only copy the chimeric template, but not protein NP are unique for each virus. the promoter and the encapsidation site, have been conserved among these that wrapped in the homologous Sendai NP protein. These results suggest rescue DIH4 at this time depended on fresh Sendai virus polymerase. The intracellularly for 5 days in the absence of help, the ability of PIV3 to viruses 1 and 3 could substitute for the Sendai virus helper in replicating nondefective helper virus, we found that the closely related parainfluenza rhabdovirus VSV could not substitute. When DIH4 is incubated DIH4, creating chimeric nucleocapsids. The morbillivirus measles and the Using a defective interfering Sendai virus stock (DIH4) freed of

Record Date Created: 19910604

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

vesicular stomatitis and Sendai viruses using heterologous viral proteins Replication of the genome RNAs of defective interfering particles of

College of Medicine, Gainesville 32610. Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of Florida

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Sep 1989, 172 (1) p341-5, ISSN 0042-6822

Contract/Grant No.: AI-14594; AI; NIAID

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

requires the homologous protein, since heterologous viral proteins could binding of the nucleocapsid protein to the leader RNA, in contrast, the product nucleocapsid RNA. The initiation step, that is, the initial demonstrating the specific association of the heterologous N protein with encapsidation. In these cases successful replication was confirmed by homologous proteins in the elongation reaction of RNA replication and virus-infected cells could substitute in vitro to varying degrees for the cells, however, the soluble protein fraction from heterologous wild-type experiments we showed that with DI nucleocapsids isolated from infected wild-type VSV-New Jersey. By quantitating RNA synthesis in reconstitution was observed only in the coinfection with the VSV-Indiana DI particle and combinations of heterologous coinfections in vivo, DI particle replication particles of two serotypes of VSV and of Sendai virus. In all the in vivo and in vitro replication of the RNA of defective interfering (DI) We have tested the ability of heterologous viral proteins to support the Record type: Completed

> not support RNA replication and encapsidation from purified DI particles Record Date Created: 19890929

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

on M protein fate and stability. Direct adverse effects of Sendai virus DI particles on virus budding and

Tuffereau C; Roux L

Switzerland. Microbiology Department, University of Geneva Medical School

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Feb 1988, 162 (2) p417-26, ISSN 0042-6822

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

involved in persistence. and favored the cell-surface turnover of the hemagglutinin-neuraminidase authors shows that such a model is consistent with other data. It can Formation of this structure would be necessary for viral budding and would M/HN/nucleocapsids. When involved in this structure M would be protected protein, led to the hypothesis that DI genomes directly act by preventing as it did in St virus-infected cells. These data, added to the previous not to be able to self-associate in a stable way under the plasma membrane turnover. M appeared to be degraded shortly after its synthesis, and seemed reduced viral budding correlated with a high intracellular M protein was found to be restricted by factors ranging from 5 to more than 20. The integrate, as well, data obtained in the analysis of mutant viruses be damaging for the cells. Comparison with results published by other from degradation and HN would be stably anchored in the plasma membrane. the stable formation inside the cells of a viral structure composed of findings that infection with DI particles allowed infected cell survival defective interfering (DI) viruses (mixed virus infection), viral budding Upon infections of BHK cells with a mixture of Sendai standard and

Record Date Created: 19880311

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

glycoprotein of Sendai virus by sequence analysis of antigenic and temperature-sensitive mutants. Localization of functional sites on the hemagglutinin-neuraminidase

Thompson S D; Portner A

Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Sep 1987, 160 (1) p1-8, ISSN 0042-6822

Contract/Grant No.: AI-11949; AI; NIAID; CA21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

mutant and these two antigenic mutants is involved in host cell binding. the ts mutant. These findings suggest that the region defined by the ts proximity (residues 277 and 279) to the two closely spaced substitutions of and neuraminidase activities (site I) had amino acid substitutions in close antigenic mutants selected with an antibody that inhibits hemagglutination erythrocyte binding (site III) had a substitution at amino acid 541. Two amino acid 420, while a mutant selected with antibody that inhibits only with an antibody which inhibits hemolysin activity had a substitution at monoclonal antibodies that delineate four nonoverlapping antigenic sites substitution (residue 461). Revertants could not be isolated, suggesting distinct from, the hemagglutination site. finding supports the idea that the neuraminidase site is close to, but mutants selected with it had a decreased neuraminidase activity. This in the primary sequence. This antibody blocks only hemagglutination, but changes at residue 184, indicating that antigenic site I is discontinuous Antigenic mutants selected with another site I antibody had amino acid in an amino acid substitution in the protein. A site II mutant selected antigenic mutant had a single point mutation in the HN gene that resulted I-III were used to map these functions on the primary sequence of HN. Each (I-IV) and separately inhibit hemagglutinating, neuraminidase, and hemagglutinating activity. The antigenic mutants were selected with that more than one of the substitutions is responsible for the defective amino acid substitutions (residues 262 and 264) and one distant neuraminidase activity was normal. Its sequence revealed two closely spaced ability to agglutinate crythrocytes and infect host cells, while its seven antigenic mutants were sequenced. The ts mutant was defective in its primary structure of the protein, a temperature-sensitive (ts) mutant and hemolysis activities. Mutants selected with antibodies to antigenic sites hemagglutinin-neuraminidase (HN) glycoprotein of Sendai virus in the Record Date Created: 19871014 To locate the various functions associated with the

477/50

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Infection of the central nervous system of mice by standard Sendai virus, defective interfering Sendai virus and the mixture of both: comparison of virus multiplication and pathogenicity.

Ruttkay-Nedecka S; Rajcani J; Eleckova E; Ruttkay-Nedecky G Acta virologica. English ed (CZECHOSLOVAKIA) Jan 1987, 31 (1) p78-82, ISSN 0001-723X Journal Code: 0370401

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

The intracerebral (i.c.) infection of newborn mice with standard Sendai virus (SV), defective interfering Sendai virus (DV) and their mixture (SV + DV) has been used as a model for the possible role of defective interfering particles of paramyxoviruses in several chronic degenerative diseases of central nervous system (CNS). The dynamics of Sendai virus multiplication and virus distribution in CNS of mice, as well as the histological changes and the clinical symptoms were evaluated for up to 112 days post-infection (p.i.). The infectious virus was detected in the brains of animals inoculated i.c. either with SV, or DV, or SV + DV as soon as by 5 hr p.i., with maximum infectivity titre at 24 hr p.i. In brains of animals inoculated with SV, the virus was detected until 5th day p.i.; nevertheless in those, inoculated with SV + DV or DV, low infectious titres could be detected even at later intervals. In mice inoculated i.c. with DV, traces of Sendai virus were detected in subpassages, as late as 3 months p.i. Record Date Created: 19870608

4/7/60

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Purification and characterization of defective interfering particles of Sendai virus.

Ruttkay-Nedecka S

Acta virologica. English ed (CZECHOSLOVAKIA) Mar 1986, 30 (2) p170,

ISSN 0001-723X Journal Code: 0370401

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Letter

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Record Date Created: 19860730

4/7/62

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Nucleotide sequences that affect replicative and transcriptional

efficiencies of Sendai virus deletion mutants.

Re G G; Kingsbury D W

Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) May 1986, 58 (2) p578-82, ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724

Contract/Grant No.: AI 05343; AI; NIAID; CA 21765; CA; NC

Document type: Journal Article Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Structural features of the genomes of virus deletion mutants (DI virions) influence their replication efficiency. Among nonsegmented negative-strand

efficient site for replication initiation than the copy-back sequence. copy-back DI RNA, indicating that the 3' genomic end of Ra is a less positive-strand leader RNA template. Nevertheless, Ra was outgrown by a inert by point mutations of bases 47 and 51 at the 5' end of the of an internally deleted DI genome (RNA Ra) rendered transcriptionally untranscribed RNA was identical to the genomic 3' terminus, as in the case transcribed. This was true even when the 3'-terminal sequence of the incapable of transcription always outgrew RNA species that were mechanisms operate in mixed infections with Sendai virus DI RNAs. RNAs acting as templates for transcription. Here we provide evidence that both replication or because DI RNAs that possess this sequence are incapable of replication either because the new 3' end is a better promoter of RNA copy of the 5' terminus (so-called "copy-back" sequence) could enhance RNA viruses, substitution of the genomic 3' terminus by a complementary Record Date Created: 19860527

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Expression of Sendai virus defective-interfering genomes with internal

Hsu C H; Re G G; Gupta K C; Portner A; Kingsbury D W

0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Oct 15 1985, 146 (1) p38-49, ISSN

Contract/Grant No.: Al 05343; Al; NIAID; Al 11949; Al; NIAID; CA 21765;

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

that reacted with monoclonal antibodies against the NP protein had the proteins containing NP gene-specific sequences. A strain 7-induced protein it, only transcripts of RNAs 7c and 7d were expected to specify fusion entire NP gene, except for two U residues at the end of the poly(A) weights slightly lower than each DI genome. DI RNA 7a, which contains the selection of four DI 7 specific RNA species that had apparent molecular signals should specify transcripts has now been supported by oligo(dT) four possessed the transcription initiation signal of the NP gene and the deleted. Previous sequence analyses of these mutant RNAs suggested that all represented, but most or all internal genes and gene boundaries are adjacent fragments of the 3'-terminal NP gene and 5'-terminal L gene are DI RNAs 7c and 7d contain fragments of it, whereas DI RNA 7b is devoid of product. Since DI RNA 7a contains the entire NP protein-coding sequence and initiation signal, appeared to be transcribed solely as a readthrough transcription termination signal of the L gene. The supposition that these interfering (DI) RNA species in which both genome termini and various Sendai virus strain 7 has been shown to contain four defective

> replication of the parental helper virus. proteins may be cellular products induced by DI virus infection. These DI an NP gene-specific oligonucleotide. Therefore, at least some of these in cells infected by strain 7, but they did not react with NP-specific sequence of RNA 7d. Other proteins of lower molecular weight were seen only transcripts and translation products may influence interference with antibody and their translation in vitro was not blocked by hybridization to 33,000 Mr size appropriate for the translation product predicted by the

Record Date Created: 19851016

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Sendai virus defective interfering genomes. Nucleotide sequences responsible for generation of internally deleted

Re G G; Morgan E M; Kingsbury D W

0042-6822 Journal Code: 0110674 Virology (UNITED STATES) Oct 15 1985, 146 (1) p27-37, ISSN

Contract/Grant No.: AI 05343; AI; NIAID; CA 21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed The deletion points of four internally deleted defective interfering (DI)

recognition of sequences that regulate virus genome transcription and during replication of negative polarity virus genome templates. In this were generated by a copy-choice mechanism, involving polymerase jumping protein fragment. Nucleotide sequences flanking each deletion and just 5'-terminus. It has an open reading frame for a 33,000 Mr N-terminal NP comprises NP, M, and L gene fragments. Transcription of RNA 7c could yield indicating that 7c arose from at least two deletion events and that it nucleotides fused to 1900 5'-terminal bases; the deletion point in the NP strain were defined by nucleotide sequencing. DI RNA 7a (Mr 1.24 x 10(6)) process, the termination and reinitiation of RNA synthesis would involve downstream of the NP gene deletion site suggested that these DI genomes retained 1027 3'-terminal nucleotides fused to 1600 bases from the fused to out of frame M-specific amino acids). DI RNA 7d (Mr 0.92 x 10(6)) an MRNA encoding a fusion protein with a 14,000 Mr (N-terminal NP sequence just downstream of the sequenced deletion site is M gene specific, retained 420 3'-terminal and 1150 5'-terminal nucleotides. The sequence gene precedes the NP protein initiation codon. DI RNA 7c (Mr 0.55 x 10(6)) gene sequences. DI RNA 7b (Mr, 0.70 x 10(6)) consisted of 100 3'-terminal an 1800-nucleotide sequence comprising 5'-terminal genome and adjacent L except for the last two U residues of the polyadenylation signal, fused to retained the entire NP gene with the complete NP protein-coding sequence, RNA species (7a, 7b, 7c, and 7d) that reside in a single Sendai virus

Record Date Created: 19851016

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

haemagglutinin-neuraminidase glycoprotein of Sendai virus Three variations in the cell surface expression of the

> extracts supported the transcription of six viral mRNAs as well as the were prepared after lysolecithin treatment at 12 h postinfection. The wild-type Sendai virus or coinfected with wild-type Sendai virus plus DI-H

developed. Cytoplasmic extracts of baby hamster kidney cells infected with Sendai virus and its defective interfering particle DI-H has been

A system for studying the in vitro replication of the genome RNAs of

replication of the Sendai virus 50S (wild-type) and 14S DI-H genome RNAs

Roux L; Beffy P; Portner A

Journal of general virology (ENGLAND) May 1985, 66 (Pt 5) p987-1000,

ISSN 0022-1317 Journal Code: 0077340

Contract/Grant No.: AI-11941; AI; NIAID; CA 21765; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

correlates with a decreased maturation rate in these cells. expression in persistently infected cells was reduced. This reduction standard virus-infected cells under standardized conditions, F0 surface degraded before reaching it. In contrast to HN, the other viral a non-lytic standard virus plus defective interfering virus infection, HN the three situations. However, when compared to surface expression in glycoprotein, F0, exhibited a similar turnover rate at the cell surface in persistent infection, HN did not reach the cell surface and appeared to be h) and was re-internalized. When poorly expressed, as in long-term reached the membrane normally, but turned over rapidly (half-life about 2 from the surface much greater than 10 h). When moderately expressed, as in accumulated at the surface in a stable form (half-life of disappearance highly expressed at the surface, as in a lytic standard virus infection, HN surface. HN behaved differently in the three types of infection. When to endoglycosidase H and its rate of appearance and turnover at the cell virus in three types of infection was studied by measuring its sensitivity Record Date Created: 19850705 The fate of the haemagglutinin-neuraminidase glycoprotein (HN) of Sendai

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

particle genome RNAs. In vitro replication of Sendai virus wild-type and defective interfering

Carlsen S R; Peluso R W; Moyer S A

Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) May 1985, 54 (2) p493-500

ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724 Contract/Grant No.: AI14594; AI; NIAID

Languages: ENGLISH Document type: Journal Article

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: Completed

Logoff: level 02.09.15 D 08:30:58 ? log hold Temp SearchSave "TD772" stored ? save temp absence, of the soluble protein fraction from an extract of infected cells both positive- and negative-strand RNAs in the presence, but not in the encapsidation of viral RNAs. The initiation of RNA replication in vitro can Sendai virus soluble protein fraction it catalyzes the replication and and P proteins and the soluble protein fraction containing primarily the P, and DI-H nucleocapsid templates containing the RNA and associated NP, L, high-speed centrifugation into two components: the Sendai virus wild-type affecting transcription. The cytoplasmic extract may be separated by cycloheximide inhibited subsequent in vitro genome replication without Depletion of the protein pool by prior treatment of infected cells with and their encapsidation into nucleocapsids in the absence of de novo PLEASE ENTER A COMMAND OR BE LOGGED OFF IN 5 MINUTES be demonstrated because detergent-disrupted purified DI-H virions replicate template alone cannot replicate its RNA, but when recombined with the nonstructural C proteins. The isolated intracellular DI-H nucleocapsid NP, and M viral proteins with trace amounts of the L, HN, Fo, and present in a soluble protein pool at the time of extract preparation. infected cell. The proteins required for Sendai virus RNA replication were total RNA synthesis, a relative level higher than that found in the protein synthesis. RNA replication in vitro represented more than 50% of Record Date Created: 19850529 \$10.09 Estimated total session cost 1.218 DialUnits \$9.74 Estimated cost this search \$2.81 TELNET \$6.93 Estimated cost File 155 15oct02 08:30:58 User208669 Session D2133.2 \$3.36 115 Types \$3.57 1.117 DialUnits File155 \$0.00 99 Type(s) in Format 6 \$3.36 16 Type(s) in Format 7

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22jan02 13:47:55 User208669 Session D1948.1 \$0.25 0.071 DialUnits File1

\$0.25 Estimated cost File1

\$0.01 TYMNET

\$0.26 Estimated cost this search

\$0.26 Estimated total session cost 0.071 DialUnits

File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2002/JAN W3

\*File 155: File temporarily is not updating. The updating will resume by the end of January 2002.

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970 NON(W)ESSENTIAL

2677 S1

S2 9 (NONESSENTIAL OR NON(W)ESSENTIAL) AND ST

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DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Paramyxovirus replication and pathogenesis. Reverse genetics transforms understanding.

Vagai Y

Department of Viral Infection, University of Tokyo, Japan.

Reviews in medical virology (ENGLAND) Apr-Jun 1999, 9 (2) p83-99, SSN 1052-9276 Tournal Code: DET

ISSN 1052-9276 Journal Code: DET

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article; Review; Review, Tutorial

Record type: Completed

A recent breakthrough in the field of nonsegmented negative strand RNA viruses (Mononegavirales), including paramyxoviruses, is the establishment of a system to recover an infectious virus entirely from complementary DNA and hence allow reverse genetics. Mutations can now be introduced into viral genomes at will and the resulting phenotypes studied as long as the introduced mutations are not lethal. This technology is being successfully applied to answer outstanding questions regarding the roles of viral components in replication and their contribution to pathogenicity, which are difficult to address using conventional virology. For instance, how the paramyxovirus accessory proteins V and C contribute to actual viral

replication and pathogenesis has remained unanswered since their first description more than 20 years ago. Using Sendai virus, which causes fatal pneumonia in mice, it has been shown that the V protein is completely dispensable for viral replication in cell cultures but encodes a luxury function required for pathogenesis in vivo. The Sendai virus C proteins were also defined to be nonessential gene products which greatly contributed to replication both in vitro and in vivo. It is also now possible to design live vaccines by introducing predetermined or plausible attenuating mutations. In addition, the use of paramyxoviruses to express foreign genes has also become feasible. Paramyxovirus reverse genetics is thus renovating our understanding of viral replication and pathogenesis and will further mark an era in recombinant technology for disease prevention and gene therapy. (95 Refs.)

Record Date Created: 19990819

2/7/6

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Sendai virus C proteins are categorically nonessential gene products but silencing their expression severely impairs viral replication and pathogenesis.

Kurotani A; Kiyotani K; Kato A; Shioda T; Sakai Y; Mizumoto K; Yoshida T; Nagai Y

Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo, Japan.

Genes to cells (ENGLAND) Feb 1998, 3 (2) p111-24, ISSN 1356-9597 Journal Code: CUF

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article

Record type: Completed

species and tissues, as well as in embryonated chicken eggs. More notably, were severely attenuated in replication in tissue culture cells of various C/C'(-) viruses which did not express C and C', but did express Y1 and Y2, cDNA, we created mutants in which C protein frames were variously silenced a recently developed reverse genetics system to recover infectious SeV from established whether or not the C proteins are essential for viral cells at a molar ratio which is several-fold higher than the other three. but their roles also remain to be defined. RESULTS: By taking advantage of replication. Many other viruses in Mononegavirales encode C-like proteins, However, their function has remained an enigma. It has not even been RNA polymerase. Among them, C is the major species expressed in infected +1 frame relative to the ORF of phospho (P) protein, the smaller subunit of set of accessory proteins, C', C, Y1 and Y2, referred to collectively as C proteins, initiating, respectively, at ACG/81 and AUGs/114, 183, 201 in the large number of nonsegmented negative strand RNA viruses, encodes a nested the family Paramyxoviridae in the Mononegavirales superfamily comprising a BACKGROUND: The P/C mRNA of Sendai virus (SeV), a prototypic member of

capability in vitro and are indispensable for in vivo multiplication and pathogenesis. This study represents the first comprehensive functional nonessential gene products, but greatly contribute to full replication none of the four C proteins. CONCLUSION: SeV C proteins are categorically assessment of the accessary C protein for Mononegavirales. silencing the Y1 and Y2 expression was also possible, and a critically nonpathogenic for mice--the natural host. Both gene expression and genome impaired but viable clone, the 4C(-) virus, was isolated which expressed replication appeared to be impaired in C/C'(-) viruses. Additionally they were almost totally incapable of growing productively in--and hence Record Date Created: 19980709

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

Sendai virus-based expression of HIV-1 gp120: reinforcement by the V(-)

Yu D; Shioda T; Kato A; Hasan MK; Sakai Y; Nagai Y

of Tokyo, Japan. Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University

Journal Code: CUF Genes to cells (ENGLAND) Jul 1997, 2 (7) p457-66, ISSN 1356-9597

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article

Record type: Completed

a broad host range of SeV allowed gp120 production in all the three natural over 6.0 microg per 10(6) cells, a level that is one of the highest sufficient quantity and purity. It also remains to be established to currently attainable for gp120 production in mammalian cells. Furthermore, stably maintained during numerous passages of the recombinant virus. The with a recovery rate of about 60%, and has so far appeared to be expressing the gp120 in CV1 cells, a monkey kidney line. The expression produce gp120 in in vitro natural host cells for HIV-1 such as human glycoprotein of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) in the establishment of a better system to express the gp120 envelope expression was greatly enhanced by the deletion of the nonessential V gene. extremely high rate, and have succeeded in creating a V(-) SeV whose gene V(-) version-based expression was even more robust, consistently reaching functionally and serologically authentic. The inserted gp120 gene was 10(6) infected cells, which was readily purified from the culture fluid level from the standard V(+) version has already reached 2.2/microg per RESULTS: Using the above system, we created recombinant Sendai viruses primary blood mononuclear cells, macrophages or established T cell lines Because of its extreme medical importance, there has been a strong need for (SeV), a nonsegmented negative strand RNA virus, entirely from cDNA at an BACKGROUND: We have established a system for recovering Sendai virus

> of this important glycoprotein. will greatly facilitate biochemical, biological and immunological studies serves as a novel choice for producing large quantities of HIV-1 gp120 and

Record Date Created: 19971230

09526206 97186724 PMID: 9034340 DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

The paramyxovirus, Sendai virus, V protein encodes a luxury function

required for viral pathogenesis.

Kato A; Kiyotani K; Sakai Y; Yoshida T; Nagai Y

of Tokyo, Minato-ku, Japan. Department of Viral Infection, Institute of Medical Science, University

Journal Code: EMB EMBO journal (ENGLAND) Feb 3 1997, 16 (3) p578-87, ISSN 0261-4189

Languages: ENGLISH

Document type: Journal Article

Record type: Completed

replication capacity in and pathogenicity for mice. Thus, though attenuated. The V(-) virus, however, showed markedly attenuated in vivo replication and cytopathogenicity in various cell lines in vitro, the V(-) was devoid of mRNA editing and hence unable to synthesize the V protein. process known as mRNA editing involving the pseudotemplated addition of a enigmatic. The V protein-directing mRNA is generated by a remarkable function required for in vivo pathogenicity categorized as a nonessential gene product, SeV V protein encodes a luxury virus was found to be either potentiated or comparable but never Compared with the parental wild-type virus with regard to gene expression, full-length SeV cDNA and were able to recover a virus from the cDNA, which nucleotide changes in the septinucleotide motif (UUUUCCC to UUCUUCC) in a the unedited exact copy encodes the P protein. Here, we introduced two single G residue at a specific septinucleotide locus in the P gene, whereas amino-terminal half of the P protein, but its function has remained cysteine-rich domain in its carboxy-terminal half which is fused to the The Sendai virus (SeV) V protein is characterized by the unique

Record Date Created: 19970313

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

inhibitor of RNA synthesis by shuffling modules via mRNA editing The Sendai virus P gene expresses both an essential protein and an

Curran J; Boeck R; Kolakofsky D

Medicine, Switzerland. Department of Genetics and Microbiology, University of Geneva, School of

Journal Code: EMB EMBO journal (ENGLAND) Oct 1991, 10 (10) p3079-85, ISSN 0261-4189

host cells for HIV-1 described above. CONCLUSIONS: SeV-based expression

Record type: Completed Document type: Journal Article Languages: ENGLISH

nucleoprotein NP. A model of paramyxovirus RNA synthesis is presented, and or polymerase protein, whereas the C-terminal domain binds the a modular protein. The N-terminal domain (shared with V and W) binds the L varying the amounts of plasmids transfected, we provide evidence that P is non-essential, they were inhibitory. By using various P gene deletions and was essential for this process, whereas V and W were not only replication is driven by plasmid generated viral proteins. We found that P other P gene proteins, we developed an in vivo system in which genome known to be involved in RNA synthesis. To examine the functions of the which (V and W) are expressed only from edited mRNAs; only the P protein is discussed. the implications of negative regulation during persistent infection are The P gene of Sendai virus expresses as many as eight proteins, two of

Record Date Created: 19911025

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22jan02 13:51:12 User208669 Session D1948.2

\$1.83 0.572 DialUnits File155

\$0.00 9 Type(s) in Format 6

\$1.00 5 Type(s) in Format 7

\$1.00 14 Types

\$2.83 Estimated cost File155

**\$0.20 TYMNET** 

\$3.03 Estimated cost this search

Logoff: level 01.12.27 D 13:51:12 \$3.29 Estimated total session cost 0.643 DialUnits

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>>>File 399 processing for AU=KATO? stopped at AU=KATO, SHIGERU
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One or more terms were invalid in 123 files 16 files have one or more items; file list includes 260 files

Temp SearchSave "TD709" stored

18jan02 11:18:13 User208669 Session D1945.2 \$2.30 \ \ 1.844 DialUnits File411

\$2.71 Estimated total session cost 1.930 DialUnits

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2002/Jan W03 (c) 2002 European Patent Office

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5213 AU=KATO?

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\$0.96 Estimated cost this search

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File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2002/Jan W03 (c) 2002 European Patent Office

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                                    Kato A; Sakai Y; Shic da T; Kondo T; Nakanishi M; Nagai Y
Department of Viral Infection, University of Tokyo, Japan
                                                                                                   Initiation of Sendai virus multiplication from transfected cDNA or RNA
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appears to be properly encapsidated to become a functional template.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (-)RNA template. Even the complete full length RNA chain in the naked form
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      site of the viral fusion glycoprotein. CONCLUSION: We have established
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     at an optimal ratio and by minimizing the cytopathic effect of the vaccinia
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            recovery appeared to be accomplished by supplying the supporting plasmids
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      an analogous system that allows recovery of Sendai virus at a high rate,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 recovery efficiency has often been extremely low. RESULTS: We describe here
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                with genomic negative sense (-)RNA has been unsuccessful. Furthermore, the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cDNA directing the synthesis of antigenomic positive sense (+)RNA. Starting
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           viruses have been recovered only by initiating the infectious cycle with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      opening the possibility of their genetic engineering. However, intectious
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                success in the recovery of infectious virus from a transfected cDNA of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           viruses possess a single stranded negative sense RNA as the genome. Recent
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        is essentially no absolute obstacle to recovery of the virus from the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           methods which greatly improve the recovery of Sendai virus from cDNA. There
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           T7 promoter-specific nucleotides to the 5' ends. An immediate application
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              virus by specific inhibitors. In addition, it was probably critical that
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               transfection of in vitro synthesized (+)RNA or (-)RNA. This improved virus
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Moreover, using this system, we succeeded in recovery of the virus by
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      to recover the virus from cDNA directing not only (+)RNA but also (-)RNA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         by vaccinia virus-driven bacteriophage T7 polymerase. Our system was able
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               from cells in which the transfected cDNA and plasmids to support the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      three families, Rhabdoviridae, Paramyxoviridae and Filoviridae. These
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Journal Code: CUF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Record Date Created: 19970425
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Record type: Completed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Document type: Journal Article
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Languages: ENGLISH
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$2.39 Estimated total session cost 0.550 DialUnits
                                                           $1.24 Estimated cost this search
                                                                                                                                                                             $1.19 Estimated cost File155
                                                                                                                         $0.05 TYMNET
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    18jan02 11:35:24 User208669 Session D1945.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        $0.20 3 Types
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               $0.20 1 Type(s) in Format 7
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